April 2, 1777. NUMB. 2510.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

Juſt publiſhed, and now ſelling by
ROBERT BELL, in Third-ſtreet,
(Price Half a Dollar)

THE PLEA of the COLONIES, in anſwer to the charges brought againſt them by Lord Mansfield and others, in a letter to his Lordſhip. By a Native of Pennſylvania. To which is prefixed, an elegant frontiſpiece repreſenting the preſent ſtate of Europe and America, or the man in the moon, viewing the Engliſh Armada.

N. B. Some of our fellow ſubjects may poſſibly have the curioſity to know in what manner a native of this province, who is juſt returned from England, has attempted to defend the principles and conduct of his countrymen; but the editor preſumes that the preſent publication may ſerve a more important end. It is one of the lateſt political Eſſays, and almoſt the only one that appeared in England for the purpoſe of preparing the public to receive the Declaration of Independance. It contains many proofs of American forbearance, and enumerates a ſeries of facts by which miniſterial cruelty, injuſtice, and want of faith, are fully eſtabliſhed, that he muſt be an obſtinate infidel who can ſtill doubt whether it was not high time for us to ſeparate from ſuch a ſtate. The reader will alſo find ſome arguments in this piece in favour of foreign connections.

Memorandum. At ſaid *Lell*'s may now be had all the new publications on the Military Art, alſo a conſiderable variety of books in navigation, and other branches of the mathematics; likewiſe variety of Greek and Latin claſſics.

THE Members of the Philadelphia Contributionſhip are deſired to meet at the Court-Houſe, on Monday, the 14th of April next, between the hours of two and five o'clock in the afternoon, in order to chooſe twelve Directors and a Treaſurer for the enſuing year; and, to determine whether the Directors, conſiſtent with the Act of Aſſembly by which the Contributors are incorporated, may inveſt any part of the ſtock of the Corporation in the purchaſe of real eſtates, and to conſider ſome other matters of conſequence reſpecting the receiving and diſpoſal of the ſtock. *By Order of the Directors,*

March 25. CALEB CARMALT, Clerk.

Brandywine Hundred, Third-Month 18, 1777.

ON Second day, the 10th inſtant, a fleſhy, likely, dark haired woman, who appeared to be about 25 years of age, ſuppoſed to be this country born, came to the houſe of the ſubſcriber, near Brandywine Bridge, and brought with her for ſale a ſmall Remnant of Broadcloth, of a ſnuff colour, and two Remnants of Shalloon, near the ſame colour, and being queſtioned how ſhe came by them, ſhe ſaid, her father got them from a Taylor that had broke, and gave £ 3 : 10 : 0 per yard for the cloth; and upon being examined where ſhe lived, ſhe gave different accounts to different people that aſked her; ſhe ſaid ſhe lived beyond Concord, and to others ſhe ſaid it was near Kennet Square, which gave reaſon to ſuſpect her, and the things were detained until ſhe ſhould give a ſatisfactory account how ſhe came by them; the day was fixed and is elapſed, and I have not heard from her ſince; ſhe rode a ſmall bay Gelding, hunting ſaddle, quilted buckſkin ſeat: This is therefore to requeſt the ſaid young woman to come and take her things away, if ſhe came honeſtly by them, if not to let the right owner know where to find them; who, upon proving his or their property, and paying charges, ſhall have them again.

‖ 7 ſ 6. SAMUEL MARSHALL.

N. B. I did not take notice of her clothes, only that ſhe had a red ſhort cloak.

To all Officers civil and Military.

DESERTED *from Captain* JAMES MOORE's *company of foot, belonging to the 5th Penſylvania Regiment, commanded by Colonel* FRANCIS JOHNSON, *the following perſons, viz.* Hugh Bradley, Worrel Cottnam, Joſeph Weſt, John Gill, Andrew Jobs, Robert Grant *and* James M'Culey; *the above named perſons ſerved as ſoldiers laſt campaign in the 2d Jerſey Regiment; they all live in New Jerſey, near Trenton.* Robert Marſhal, *a well made fellow, about 5 feet 6 inches high, ſomething pitted with the ſmall-pox, born in Ireland, by trade a ſailor; he belonged to one of the New-England militia regiments laſt year.* Lewis Franciſcos, *about 5 feet 5 inches high, well made, much pitted with the ſmall-pox, by trade a ſailor; had on, a ſailor's jacket and trowſers, dark complexion, black curled hair.* Cornelius Lambert, *about 5 feet 8 inches high, ſlim built, ſtoops a little, down look, did belong to the Jerſey Blues laſt year, and lives in the Jerſies.* Peter Murphey, *about 5 feet 8 inches high, well made, fair faced, fair hair, tied; deſerted from the regulars, at Crownpoint laſt year; he was born in the Jerſies.* Denis Lafferty, *about 5 feet 5 inches high, ſlim built, a little pitted with the ſmall-pox, ſhort curled hair.* John M'Donald, *about 5 feet 8 inches high, well made, dark complexion, born in Scotland, very talkative, and fond of liquor.* Charles Hall, *about 5 feet 5 inches high, ſlim built, was bad with the venereal diſorder when he left me ſomewhere in the Jerſies.* Samuel Hibbs, *about 5 feet 10 inches high, ſlim built, a little pitted with the ſmall pox, fair complexion and fair ſhort hair.* Matthew Megriſer, *about 5 feet 6 inches high, 19 years of age, dark complexion, black curled hair, born in Ireland, ſerved his time in the upper end of Cheſter county; he perſuaded a ſervant girl of Mr. James M'Cannaughy's with him; he will puſh to get over Suſquehanna.* Nathan Jones, *36 years of age, about 5 feet 8 inches high, a native of Wales, by trade a flaxdreſſer, ſhort black curled hair. Whoever ſecures Matthew Megriſer, ſo that I may get him again, ſhall have Ten Dollars, and all reaſonable expences paid; and for the ſervant maid which is with him, if ſhe is ſecured in any goal, ſo that her maſter may get her again, ſhall have Eight Dollars. I likewiſe offer a reward of Ten Dollars for each and every of the abovenamed deſerters, and reaſonable charges for every one who is either brought to the regiment, or ſecured in any goal or garriſon, ſo that I may get them. I will likewiſe grant pardon to all thoſe who will return to the regiment, now lying at Cheſter, by the 4th inſtant; but thoſe who will not return, and are taken and brought to the regiment, may depend upon the ſevereſt puniſhment a court-martial can inflict. I hope all officers who ſhall know or hear of any of the above deſerters, will uſe their endeavours to get them ſecured for me.*

The following perſons are likewiſe requeſted to join their regiment immediately, Robert Crab, Joſeph Ruford, Joſeph Miller, William Boſton, Thomas Alexander, Martin Bair, Charles Shuck, Joſeph Rodebaugh, Caſper Pitus, Barnabas M'Cala *and* Joſeph Rirns; *all thoſe who do not join their regiment immediately may expect to ſee a reward of Ten Dollars offered for each of them.*

JAMES MOORE, *Captain, 5th P. Batt.*

N. B. *All ſoldiers on furlow belonging to my company, are to join their regiment immediately.* Cheſter, March 13. † 22 ſ 6.

To be SOLD, on Tueſday, the 15th day of April inſtant, on the premiſes, between the hours of One and Six in the afternoon,

A VALUABLE plantation, containing 60 acres of land, about 10 miles from Philadelphia, ſituate in Lower-Dublin townſhip, in the county of Philadelphia, whereon is a good ſtone dwelling-houſe, a good log-barn, a ſtone ſpring-houſe, an orchard conſiſting of above 300 bearing apple trees, chiefly grafted fruit; there is alſo on the ſaid premiſes ſeven acres of good meadow, and more may be made, and a ſufficiency of woodland. The whole is in good repair, and may be entered on immediately. The title is indiſputable. Terms of ſale will be made known at the time and place of ſale, by JONATHAN TAYLOR, and

¶ MARY TAYLOR.

Alſo to be ſold, at the time and place aforeſaid, about eleven acres of wheat in the ground.

ALL perſons that have any accounts or demands againſt the eſtate of Michael Weaver, late of Spring-Garden, in the Northern Liberties of the City of Philadelphia, Brickmaker, deceaſed, are deſired to bring in the ſame, that they may be ſettled and paid; and all perſons that are indebted to the ſaid eſtate, either by bond, note or book-debt, are requeſted to pay the ſame to

¶ PETER DRAIS, Executor.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

DESERTED *from the 5th Penſylvania Battalion, commanded by Colonel Francis Johnſon, a certain* ALEXANDER CAMPBELL, *about 5 feet 6 inches high, well ſet, round faced, his place of reſidence is in Northampton county, near the Fowl Rooſt.* JAMES ANDREWS, *about 5 feet 10 inches high, a luſty well made fellow, his face is very remarkable, having had one cheek burned, it appears of a different colour from the other, had on good ſhoes, blue yarn ſtockings, buckſkin breeches, a brown coloured outſide jacket. Whoever ſecures ſaid deſerters, or brings them to the regiment, ſhall have the above reward, or Eight Dollars for each, with reaſonable charges, paid by*

March 16, 1777. ‡ JOHN BARTLEY, *Lieut.*

All perſons are forbid to harbour them at their peril.

FOUR POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN out of the ſtable, on the 26th of March, at night, from Abraham Tyſon, living in Abington, on the old York road, Philadelphia county, a black Gelding, ſcarce 14 hands high, a chunky handſome made Horſe, paces trots and canters, has neither brand nor ear-mark, ſhod before with old ſteel ſhoes, his mane hangs on both ſides, no white about him that is known, ſix years old. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe and thief, ſo that the owner may have him again and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, or Forty Shillings for the horſe only, and reaſonable charges, paid by

¶ ABRAHAM TYSON.

FORTY DOLLARS Reward.

LOST, on Friday, the 14th of March, between the Head of Elk and Bohemia River, in Maryland, a Roll of Money, £ 159 : 8 : 4, in the Roll were 3 Sheets of 130 Dollars each, one Thirty Dollar Bill, and one of Five Dollars of Continental, and one of the One Ninth of a Dollar of Maryland Convention. If any Perſon will give Intelligence where the ſame may be had, they ſhall be paid for their Trouble; or whoever will deliver it to Mr. SAMUEL HOLLINGSWORTH, Deputy-Commiſſary, at the Head of Elk, ſhall receive the above reward, or if delivered to CHARLES DOWNES, Queen-Anne's county. ¶

Remainder of the Act for regulating the MILITIA *of this Commonwealth, begun in our laſt.*

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, that the following Rules and Regulations ſhall be the Rules and Regulations by which the Militia ſhall be governed.

I. IF any Commiſſioned Officer make uſe of any profane oath or execration when on duty, he ſhall forfeit and pay for each and every ſuch offence, the ſum of Five Shillings, and if a non-commiſſioned Officer or Private man be thus guilty of curſing or ſwearing, he ſhall forfeit and pay for each and every ſuch offence, the ſum of One Shilling.

II. Every Militia-man, who, on any of the days of exerciſe, ſhall refuſe to obey the lawful commands of his ſuperior Officer, may be ſuſpended from doing duty on that day; and upon conviction before a Court-Martial, ſhall be fined, if a Commiſſioned Officer, in a ſum not exceeding Three Pounds, and if a Non-commiſſioned Officer or Private, in any ſum not exceeding Twenty Shillings.

III. Any Officer or Private Man, who ſhall begin, excite, cauſe, join in, or promote any mutiny or diſturbance in the Battalion, Troop or Company to which he belongs, or in any other Battalion, Troop or Company, ſhall be fined or cenſured according to the nature of the offence, by a General or Regimental Court-Martial.

IV. Any Officer or Private Man, who ſhall ſtrike his ſuperior Officer, or draw, or offer to draw, or ſhall lift up any weapon, or offer any violence againſt him, being in the execution of his office, ſhall, upon a conviction before a General or Regimental Court-Martial, be fined in a ſum not exceeding Five Pounds.

V. Any Commanding or other Officer, who ſhall ſtrike any inferior Officer or Private man, when on duty, upon conviction before a General Court-Martial, ſhall be fined in any ſum not leſs than Five Pounds, and not exceeding Ten Pounds.

VI. Any Officer or Private Man, who ſhall make uſe of inſolent, provoking, or indecent language while on duty, ſhall ſuffer ſuch cenſure or fine as ſhall be inflicted by a General or Regimental Court-Martial, according to the nature of the offence.

VII. If any Officer or Private Man ſhall think himſelf injured by his Colonel or the Commanding Officer of the Battalion, and ſhall, upon due application made to him, be refuſed redreſs, he may complain to the Lieutenant of the county, who ſhall ſummon a General Court-Martial that juſtice may be done.

VIII. If any inferior Officer or Private Man, ſhall think himſelf injured by his Captain, or other ſuperior Officer in the Battalion, Troop or Company to which he belongs, he may complain, to the Commanding Officer of the Battalion, who ſhall ſummon a Regimental Court-Martial, for the doing juſtice, according to the nature of the caſe.

IX. Any Officer or Private Man, found drunk when under arms, ſhall be ſuſpended from doing duty in the Battalion, Company or Troop on that day, and be fined at the diſcretion of a General or Regimental Court-Martial.

X. Whatever Centinel ſhall be found ſleeping or drunk on his poſt, or ſhall leave it before he is regularly relieved, ſhall be fined at the diſcretion of a Court-Martial.

XI. Whatever Commiſſioned Officer ſhall be convicted before a General Court-Martial of behaving in a ſcandalous or infamous manner, unbecoming the character of an Officer and a Gentleman, ſhall be caſhiered or fined at the diſcretion of a Court-Martial.

XII. All diſorders and neglects which Officers or Private Men may be guilty of to the prejudice of the good order and Military Diſcipline of the Militia of this State, are to be taken cognizance of by a General or Regimental Court-Martial, according to the nature and degree of the offence, and ſuch Officers or Private Men ſhall be fined or cenſured at the diſcretion of a Court Martial.

XIII. Every General Court-Martial ſhall conſiſt of thirteen Members, ſix of whom ſhall be Commiſſioned Officers under the rank of a Field Officer, and ſix Court-Martial Men, who ſhall be drawn by lot out of the whole number of the Battalion, and theſe twelve are to chooſe a Preſident, who ſhall be a Field Officer.

XIV. Every Regimental Court-Martial ſhall be compoſed of ſeven Members, three Officers, three Court-Martial Men, and a Preſident, who is to be a Captain, and to be choſen by the ſix.

XV. In all Courts-Martial, not leſs than two-thirds of the Members muſt agree in every ſentence for inflicting any puniſhment, or otherwiſe he ſhall be acquitted.

XVI. The Preſident of each and every Court-Martial, whether General or Regimental, ſhall require all witneſſes in order to the trial of offenders, to declare on oath or affirmation, that the evidence they ſhall give is the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth; and the Members of all ſuch Courts ſhall take an oath or affirmation, which the Preſident is required to adminiſter to the other Members, and the next in rank is required to adminiſter to him, that they will give judgment with Impartiality.

XVII. All Members of the Militia called as witneſſes in any caſe before a Court-Martial, who ſhall refuſe to attend and give evidence, ſhall be cenſured or fined at the diſcretion of the Court.

XVIII. No Officer or Private Man being charged with tranſgreſſing theſe rules, ſhall be ſuffered to do duty in the Battalion, Company or Troop to which he belongs, until he has had his trial by a Court-Martial, and every perſon ſo charged, ſhall be tried as ſoon as a Court-Martial can be conveniently aſſembled.

XIX. The Officers and Private Men of every Company of Artillery, or other Company, Troop or Party, that is or ſhall be annexed to any Battalion, ſhall be ſubject to the command of the Colonel or Commanding Officer of ſaid Battalion, and the Officers ſhall ſit as Members of Courts-Martial, in the ſame manner as the Officers of any other Company.

XX. No penalty ſhall be inflicted at the diſcretion of a Court-Martial, other than degrading, caſhiering or fining: The fines for the Officers not to exceed Ten Pounds, and the fines for a Non-commiſſioned Officer or Private Man not to exceed Five Pounds, for one fault.

XXI. No Company or Battalion ſhall meet at a tavern on any of the days of exerciſe; nor ſhall march to any tavern before they are diſcharged.

XXII. The Militia on days of exerciſe may be detained under arms, on duty in the field, any time not exceeding ſix hours, provided they are not kept above three hours under arms at any one time, without allowing them a proper time to refreſh themſelves.

XXIII. Adjutants, Drummers and Fifers ſhall receive the following pay for every day of ſervice they attend their reſpective Battalions or Companies, by order of the Commanding Officer.

An Adjutant, Ten Shillings, a Drummer, Three Shillings, a Fifer, Three Shillings. The Drum-Major and Fife-Major of every battalion, ſhall receive each a ſum not exceeding Twenty Shillings per week, and be continued in pay as long as the Colonels of the ſeveral battalions ſhall think neceſſary; and it is required, that ſuch Drum-Majors and Fife-Majors, when not in ſervice on days of exerciſe, ſhall be diligently employed in inſtructing a proper number of perſons for Drummers and Fifers of the ſeveral Battalions.

XXIV. The Lieutenant of the county for the time being, ſhall have full power of pardoning or mitigating any cenſures or penalties ordered to be inflicted for the breach of any of theſe articles by any General Court-Martial, and every offender convicted as aforeſaid by any Regimental Court-Martial, may be pardoned, or have his penalties mitigated by the Colonel or Commanding Officer of the Battalion, excepting only where ſuch cenſures or penalties are directed as ſatisfaction for injuries received by one Officer or Private Man from another.

XXV. Upon the determination of any point by a Regimental Court-Martial, if the Officer or Private Man concerned on either ſide, thinks himſelf ſtill aggrieved, he may appeal to a General Court-Martial, but if upon a ſecond hearing, the appeal appears groundleſs and vexatious, the perſon ſo appealing ſhall be cenſured at the diſcretion of the ſaid General Court.

XXVI. Upon the death, reſignation, promotion or other removal of a Field Officer, or any other Officer of

[*Turn to the Fourth Page.*]

MADRID, *November 6.*

THE Court, after ordering the Commiſſary of the Marine at Bilboa to releaſe the American privateer that had put in there, as related ſome time ago, directed him, if any of thoſe privateers ſhould arrive there in future, to oblige them to provide themſelves with what they want in 24 hours from the time of their arrival, and then to put to ſea again immediately.

Paris, Nov. 25. According to our letters from Breſt, the ſquadron under the command of M. du Chaffault had been in the road ſince the 12th of this month, and was to ſail on the 29th.

The departure of the ſix battalions which were to have embarked for our iſlands in America, it is ſaid, will not now take place; but, at the ſame time, we are aſſured, that a new corps will be raiſed to reinforce the troops in thoſe colonies.

Dublin, Dec. 2. Orders have been iſſued that all the artillery ſhould march to Corke. This ſeems to indicate ſomething like a government apprehenſion, that ſome foreign power intended to pay us a viſit.

LONDON, *December 3.*

HOUSE OF COMMONS, *December 2.*

The Houſe deferred ways and means, and the ſupply, to the 22d of January.

Ordered in the bill to enable the Lords of the Admiralty to grant letters of marque and repriſal againſt the Americans.

Reſolved, to conſider on the 22d of January, in a Committee of the whole Houſe, the allowing of lumber to be exported from the Baltic to the Weſt-India Iſlands.

A letter from Calais, dated Nov. 22, ſays, "On the 19th ultimo, a large brigantine, with a number of guns mounted, and full of men, ſuppoſed to have been an American veſſel, foundered about 16 leagues from the above place, and the crew were drowned."

Extract of a letter from Chatham, December 2.

"Friday laſt orders were received here for his Majeſty's ſhip Victory of 100 guns, to be fitted up for a flag ſhip, and it is now aſſured that Admiral Keppel will hoiſt his flag on board her, as commander in chief of the fleet of obſervation; accordingly he is daily expected here."

Dec. 5. This morning the Mediator, Capt. Gall, from Quebec, with wounded ſoldiers on board, arrived at Deptford, and landed the ſoldiers, who are to go to Chelſea-hoſpital.

Letters from the Cove of Corke, dated November 25, mention, that on the 22d, 23d, and 24th, thirty-ſix tranſports with proviſions ſailed from Corke.

Dec. 6. On Wedneſday preſs-warrants were ſent from the Admiralty Office, to all the corporation towns in this kingdom, for the purpoſe of impreſſing ſeamen into his Majeſty's ſervice.

Extract of a letter from Corke, November 23.

"Yeſterday ſailed from this place 17 victuallers, and this day 19 others, with proviſions, &c. for the uſe of the King's troops at New-York."

Dec. 7. It is rumoured that the Houſe of Commons intend giving up the privilege of franking, by which means the Crown will receive a vaſt addition to its revenue.

It is ſaid that advices are received from the Grenades, that three American privateers of force have been lately taken by one of his Majeſty's frigates, and a ſloop of war, off thoſe iſlands, and carried into Antigua.

The Dublin Gazette, of Nov. 29, contains a proclamation by the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, commanding all magiſtrates to aſſiſt the captains and officers of his Majeſty's ſhips in impreſſing ſeafaring men, for the more ſpeedily manning his Majeſty's fleet.

A letter juſt received from Jamaica ſays, "All the Engliſh ſhipwrights and carpenters, in the Spaniſh ſervice at the Havannah, have been diſcharged by expreſs orders of Court, and are arrived at Port Royal in two ſchooners which Admiral Gayton had ſent to the Havannah for them. The fortifications at the Havannah are much in the ſame ſituation they have been in theſe ſix years paſt, and they have no more than their uſual number of men of war in commiſſion there, which are in good repair. When the above ſchooners left the Havannah, three American veſſels were lying in that port."

Extract of a letter from Portſmouth, December 5.

"This morning the following men of war ſailed again from Spithead with all the outward bound ſhips under their convoy, viz. the Glaſgow, Hornet, Fly and Beaver, for the Weſt-Indies; the Worceſter, with the ſhips bound to the Straits; and the Thames, with the outward bound, for New-York, and, as the wind continues eaſterly, it is expected they will get clear.

On Thurſday laſt came on before Lord Mansfield, at Weſtminſter-Hall, a cauſe wherein a gentleman was plaintiff, and an American Governor defendant. The cauſe of action was for the gentleman's ſerving the Governor as his Secretary, and for maltreatment. The jury found 450l. damages, and full coſts.

Letters by yeſterday's French mail bring advice, that the naval hoſpital at Breſt is entirely deſtroyed by fire; that the damage is very conſiderable, but might have been ſtill greater, had not the fire been luckily prevented from reaching the rope-yard. Twenty galley ſlaves periſhed in the flames, and ſeveral of the felons made their eſcape during the confuſion.

Extract of a letter from Portſmouth, Dec. 6.

"The outward bound fleets are this morning out of ſight, with a fair wind; which gives me hopes of their proceeding, and that this will be the laſt account you will hear of them till they arrive at their different ports."

Dec. 11. General Burgoyne arrived in town yeſterday about one o'clock, in a very bad ſtate of health. We learn from an officer in his *ſuite*, that after the gallant tars had deſtroyed all the rebel veſſels on the Lakes, Gen. Carleton had fortified and garriſoned Crown Point in a very ſtrong manner, and having croſſed the Lakes, cantoned the principal part of his army at St. John's and Montreal. The froſt had ſet in ſo ſtrong, that all future operations of the royal army were unavoidably ſuſpended till nex Spring.

As nothing of any conſequence can be done in Canada during the winter, General Burgoyne is returned home to attend his duty at the next meeting of Parliament, by whom they will be informed of the true ſtate of his Majeſty's forces there. Should not a reconciliation happen before Spring, the General will return and reſume his ſtation.

Not party, but family affairs, have brought General Burgoyne to England; a death which happened ſome few months ſince proves the truth of this aſſertion.

Yeſterday General Burgoyne attended the levee at St. James's, and afterwards held a long conference with the King.

Yeſterday there was a full Board of Admiralty, when preſs-warrants were ordered to be continued for a farther limited time.

A meſſenger from Lord Stormont arrived laſt night at the office of the Secretary for the ſouthern department, ſaid to be charged with diſpatches of importance.

Two more German battalions, it is ſaid, will be taken into pay from the Prince of Brunſwick, in order to ſtrengthen the troops in Canada, and are to embark early in the ſpring.

Two lotteries are ſaid to make part of the ways and means towards raiſing the ſupplies for the enſuing year.

Moſt of the Electoral States are agreed not to permit any foreign troops to march through their territories.

A large American privateer, of 14 guns and 100 men, juſt come from Philadelphia, that was cruizing off St. Ube's, is taken by one of our frigates, and carried into St. Ube's.

Extract of a letter from Nantucket, Oct. 1.

"Yeſterday Capt. Baird, commander of the Fortune, a Provincial ſhip of war of 22 guns, brought in here his Majeſty's ſnow the Nimrod, of 18 guns. Capt. Baird is ſeverely wounded, and his Lieutenant killed. We ſaw the action, which was a long time ſmart on both ſides, and ſeemed to us doubtful. The commander (a Lieutenant of a man of war) of the ſnow is wounded, and the Mate killed."

An anonymous letter has been ſent to a diſtinguiſhed perſonage, which it is thought may lead to a diſcovery of the incendiaries who fired Portſmouth dock-yard. Meſſengers have been diſpatched to make enquiries into certain matters mentioned in the letter.

A letter from Plymouth ſays, "The late diſaſter at Portſmouth has put us upon our guard; no perſons whatever are in future to be admitted into our dock-yard, without a proper perſon to attend them both at coming in and going out, by order of the commiſſioners."

It continues to be aſſured, that a pacific plan has been approved of in Council, which it is thought may be the means of a thorough reconciliation with the Colonies before the beginning of another campaign.

Letters from Liſbon, dated the 12th of November, declare, That the Court had received certain advice that the Spaniſh ſquadron equipping at Ferrol and Carthagena, were deſtined to attack his Faithful Majeſty's territories, in order to ſupport a body of 40,000 land forces, who were to invade the kingdom of Portugal by land.

Dec. 14. Yeſterday the Houſe of Lords met, and, preceded by the Lord Chancellor, went to Weſtminſter-Abbey, being the day appointed for a General Faſt, and heard a ſermon, by the Rev. Dr. Hurd, Biſhop of Litchfield and Coventry, from Pſalm cxix. 59.

Ordered, That the thanks of the Houſe be given to the Biſhop of Litchfield and Coventry for his ſermon, and that he be deſired to print the ſame. Adjourned to the 23d of January.

Dec. 19. This day the Right Hon. the Earl of Sandwich, after waiting on his Majeſty at the Levee at St. James's, returned to the Admiralty, where ſeveral of the moſt eminent Weſt-India merchants held a long conference with his Lordſhip, reſpecting the neceſſary precautions to be taken by the men of war appointed by Government to convoy their outward bound ſhips in a few days to the Weſt-Indies, the reſult of which his Lordſhip returned with to St. James's to the Council; and we are informed that the ſhips appointed to convoy the outward bound merchant-men are to ſail with letters of marque, and on that account the time for ſailing will be delayed ſome days longer than expected.

Extract of a letter from Portſmouth, Dec. 18.

"This day arrived here the Fowey man of war, from New-York. She has brought ſome diſpatches from Lord Howe, among which, we hear, are the letters ſent by General Waſhington to the Congreſs at Philadelphia, which were intercepted on the road, and brought to General Howe. The purport of them is the preſent ſtate of the army under his command, and the improbability of his attacking the King's forces with any hopes of ſucceſs, and alſo his inability of keeping his preſent hold much longer. He further ſays in them, that unleſs the Congreſs would furniſh him with eighty more battalions againſt the opening of the next campaign, he ſhould not be able to make head againſt the King's troops. The nomination of the officers, he remarks, muſt be left to him, as thoſe he has already under his command were not fit to be truſted, both on account of their want of fidelity and military ſkill."

Dec. 21. A Spaniſh officer has been apprehended in Ireland, in the habit of an Iriſh Catholic Prieſt, and ordered to be ſent to London; to which place he is now coming on board a Royal ſloop.

Yeſterday the Earl of Dunmore, Governor of Virginia, who lately arrived in town from New-York, was at Court, and had the honour of a conference with his Majeſty.

This morning advice was received from the Downs, that 27 ſail of tranſports were ſafe arrived there from New-York, and remain in the Downs with about forty others.

The reinforcements talked of for America are ſix more Brunſwick battalions and four from Ireland.

Complaints are renewed by the Britiſh logwood cutters in the Bay of Honduras, of the oppreſſion of the Spaniſh Governors and their agents.

The following was received yeſterday by a houſe in the city from Paris, dated laſt Monday, Dec. 16, 1776.——"Dr. Franklin is arrived here from America; and it was this day forbid to talk of American affairs in the Coffee-houſes."

Dec. 24. Four men of war of the line, two frigates, and a ſhip of 40 guns, are to be ſtationed off Madeira, to aſſiſt the Portugueſe, in caſe the Spaniards ſhould attempt to invade that Iſland.

Extract of a letter from Madeira, Nov. 29.

"Yeſterday ſailed from this port, for the Weſtern Iſlands, an American privateer of 22 guns, nine pounders, and 170 men; ſhe had been here ſeveral days taking in wine for the crew, and ſome freſh proviſions, is French built, a very faſt ſailing veſſel, and was about 48 leagues from hence chaſed by two Engliſh men of war, but outſailed them both."

It was reported that ſome advices were this morning received, by the way of Ireland, of ſome further ſucceſs obtained by Gen. Howe over the Rebels, but no particulars have tranſpired.

St. JOHN's *(in Antigua)* January 8.

On Friday laſt arrived in this harbour the ſloop Pigeon, being one of the ten prizes taken in a week by his Majeſty's ſhip Roebuck, at the mouth of the river Delaware.

The Hon. John Stanley, Eſq; is gone down to St. Euſtatia, with a memorial to demand a reſtitution of the Iriſh brig, lately taken by an American privateer.

CHARLESTOWN *(South-Carolina) Feb. 13.*

Two more of Capt. Pickering's prizes have arrived ſince our laſt.

Capt. Allen, in the brigantine of war Comet, has taken a large ſhip from the Bay of Honduras, and ſent her here.

Feb. 27. We have been favoured with the following authentic intelligence from Georgia:

"On the morning of the 17th inſt. Fort Mackintoſh, at Sitilla, was attacked by a large party from Florida. The garriſon of the Stockade conſiſted of about 50 men, commanded by Capt. Richard Winn, of the South-Carolina Rangers. The enemy kept up a ſmart fire on the garriſon for about 5 hours, after which Lieut. Col. Thomas Brown, of the Florida Rangers, came with a flag, and required the garriſon to ſurrender, threatening, in caſe of non-compliance, no mercy would be ſhewn. Capt. Winn demanded an hour's time to conſider, which was agreed to; in anſwer to the propoſition he ſoon informed Capt. Brown, by a Sergeant, that "they were bound in honour not to comply with it, and that if they ſhould fall into his hands, they expected to be treated as gentlemen and priſoners of war." The Sergeant returned, bringing with him Lord and General Howe's proclamation. Captain Winn bid the enemy defiance; a ſmart fire immediately enſued, and was kept up on both ſides for about an hour. Next day Lieut. Col. Fuſer, of the Royal Americans, the commanding Officer of the enemy, ſent in a meſſage to Capt. Winn, and deſired he would ſend out ſome of his officers to ſee the forces and their preparations for the attack. This was complied with, all the officers excepting Capt. Winn going out. On their return they informed him of the enemy's force being vaſtly ſuperior to his, and of their being provided with five field pieces; it was therefore determined to ſurrender, and at twelve o'clock the enemy were put in poſſeſſion of the fort. The garriſon were allowed to keep their baggage, were diſarmed, and excepting two officers, Lieutenants Caldwell and Miller, who are ſent to Auguſtine, were diſmiſſed on their parole, to be conſidered as priſoners of war till an equal number is exchanged. They were eſcorted ſome diſtance to protect them from the Savages, who were very unruly. The force of the enemy was about 1000 men; 500 of them Regulars, 100 Florida Rangers, the reſt Indians. Of Capt. Winn's men 4 were wounded; the loſs of the enemy not known, but ſeveral were ſeen carried off. Colonel Harris, who went with a party from Fort Howe to the aſſiſtance of Capt. Winn, fell in with a ſuperior number of the enemy, and was obliged to retire with the loſs of 6 men killed and taken.

Since our laſt two more prizes, a ſhip and a ſnow, both from Honduras, with mahogany and logwood, have been ſent in here by Capt. Allen.

Laſt night Capt. Cockran, in the armed brigantine Notre Dame, arrived here from France, with a valuable cargo, after a paſſage of 7 weeks.

Captain Cockran on his paſſage fell in with, and after exchanging a few ſhot took, an armed victualling ſhip, the ——, Coombes, bound from Corke to New-York.

We congratulate the rice planters on the preſent demand for rice; ſome parcels of the new crop have been ſold at 45 s. the 100lb.

BALTIMORE, *March 25.*

The Sturdy Beggar privateer, Capt. Keel, of this port, hath taken three prizes, two ſhips and a brig, one of the former and the latter, loaded with flour and other articles for the uſe of Howe's army, are arrived at a ſafe port. The miſſing ſhip, loaded with Britiſh goods, was eſtimated in Britain to be worth upwards of 10,000l. ſterling.

BOSTON, March 20.

The Honourable Major General Heath is appointed Commander in Chief of all the American troops, raiſed or to be raiſed, in this State, in the room of the Honourable Major-General Ward, who has reſigned.

Yeſterday arrived at a ſafe port, a prize ſhip, lately captured by the privateer Lady Waſhington. She was from Briſtol, bound to St. Kitts, laden with dry goods, proviſions, &c.

FISH-KILL, March 27.

Our poſt at Pecks-Kill, ſince the removal of the militia of the eaſtern States, has been in a manner in a defenceleſs ſituation, there being only part of two regiments ſtationed there, under the command of General M'Dougal, amounting to about 250 men. The enemy having received intelligence of this, formed an expedition thither, with a view to take or deſtroy the ſtores belonging to the Continent that were depoſited there. Accordingly on Sunday laſt they appeared, with a frigate, four tranſports, and ſeveral other ſmall veſſels, in the bay, and landed about 1000 men, with ſeveral pieces of cannon. General M'Dougal, not thinking it prudent to hazard a battle with ſuch an unequal force, and not having ſeaſonable advice of the enemy's movement, was under the neceſſity of deſtroying the ſtores, to prevent their falling into their hands, and retired about two miles to the paſs in the Highlands, carrying with him his baggage and military ſtores; his advanced guard being ſtationed at Cortlandt's houſe in the valley. The enemy the ſame day took poſſeſſion of the village, and remained cloſe in their quarters until the next day in the afternoon, when a party of them, conſiſting of about 200 men, poſſeſſed themſelves of a height a little ſouth of Cortlandt's. The General having received a reinforcement from Colonel Ganſevoort's regiment of about 80 men, under the command of Lieut. Col. Willett, permitted them to attempt to diſpoſſeſs the enemy from that eminence. Col. Willett having accordingly made the neceſſary diſpoſition, advanced with his ſmall party with the greateſt firmneſs and reſolution, and made the attack. The enemy inſtantly fled with the greateſt precipitation, leaving three men dead on the field, and the whole body, panic ſtruck, betook themſelves to their ſhipping, embarking under cover of the night; and by the laſt accounts they had ſailed down the river. Before they embarked, they gave out that they intended to ſtop at Tary-Town, in their way down, and attempt to deſtroy our magazine of forage at Wright's-Mills. Upon their evacuating the place General M'Dougal took poſſeſſion of his former quarters, and detached a party of men to watch their motions. The enemy on this occaſion have been exceedingly diſappointed, as they have not been able to carry off any of the ſtores left behind by our men, and no other ſtock than about 40 ſheep, and 8 or 10 head of cattle, with which they were ſupplied by our good friends the Tories. Never did troops exhibit more firmneſs and reſolution, than our little army did on this occaſion. Notwithſtanding the diſparity in numbers was great, and the meaſure abſolutely neceſſary, it was with the utmoſt reluctance they retired to the paſs. As uſual, theſe heroes of Britain have burnt ſome houſes, plundered the inhabitants of what they could conveniently take with them, frightened the women and children, and raiſed the ſpirits of their Tory brethren in that quarter, but which, alas, as is always the caſe when unnaturally elated, are now again proportionably depreſſed.

Extract of a Letter from Boſton, March 20.

"I have the pleaſure of informing you, that on the 18th inſt. an armed veſſel, mounting 14 guns, arrived in an eaſtern port from France, her cargoe conſiſts of 12,000 ſtands of arms, 1000 barrels of powder, flints, guns for one of the Continental frigates, woollens, linens, &c. &c. A 50 gun ſhip ſailed at the ſame time, from the ſame place, for another American port;—ſhe is richly loaded with heavy artillery and military ſtores.—Her arrival is hourly expected. The Court of France has remonſtrated againſt any more foreigners being ſent to America.

"Upon Dr. Franklin's arrival they demonstrated their joy by bonfires, &c.

"Two very valuable prizes loaded with linens, woollens and summer cloathing to a great amount are arrived at a safe port."

PHILADELPHIA, *April* 2.

Extract of a Letter from Quibble-Town, March 25.

"Yesterday a party of about 60 men from Sampton, under Major Ritney, of Col. Stricker's battalion, fell in with a party of the enemy near one of their out-posts, where a smart engagement began. Major Ritney's party being much inferior to the enemy (who were continually reinforced) he was obliged to retreat, which he did in such good order as not to lose a man, though the enemy were three times his number. He was presently reinforced by Lieutenant Colonel Hollingsworth, with a detachment from Colonel Rumsey's battalion of Maryland militia, and the Virginia volunteers, who after a smart skirmish caused the enemy to give way, and drove them into their breast-works, leaving behind them several hats, knapsacks, blankets, and one bloody handkerchief.

"In this skirmish they must have lost some men, as they were seen carrying them off in the time of action (which happened within half a mile of their breast-works.) We had two rifles broke, but not a man hurt in this skirmish, an evident proof that providence shields the just and brave, for we forced them from an advantageous wood, where they were posted behind trees, and our people entirely exposed in an open field. The troops that were engaged with our's were British and not Hessians.—Our whole party did not exceed 130, and the enemy not less than 300 men."

By an express from the eastward we are informed, that a vessel is just arrived from France with 12,000 stands of arms, besides a large quantity of powder and cloaths.—The last accounts from Paris by this vessel are in February. We are assured that by this time France and Spain have each a fleet at sea of thirty ships of the line. That the peace of Europe was suspended on the very web of a spider, which the most trifling incident must break; and the storm was gathering round the head of our enemy as fast as the most zealous friend of America could wish.

The Randolph frigate, Captain Biddle, having sprung a mast at sea, is put into South-Carolina to refit.

On Sunday, the 23d ult. Mr. BARNABY BARNS departed this life, in the 74th year of his age, and on the Tuesday evening following his remains were interred in the Baptist Burying-ground, attended by a respectable number of his most reputable fellow-citizens.—*His* was in general the still walk of private life, in which he gave evident proofs of the virtues necessary in that sphere, and when called forth into public usefulness, as he was in several important trusts, he manifested the utmost integrity and punctuality.

"*An honest Man is the noblest work of God.*"

Monday last James Molesworth, a Traitor and a Spy, was executed on the commons near this city. It appears by sundry evidence and his own confession, that he had been sent from New-York to procure pilots for conducting the British fleet up the river Delaware to this city.

A CAUTION *to the* PUBLIC. Some pieces of base Metal have lately appeared among us, in imitation of Spanish milled Dollars, Half Dollars and Quarter Dollars; they are of the size, but lighter than the true ones, and may readily be detected, being not milled but hammered at the edges, and appear to have been cast.

The following Act of Assembly, passed the 6th of April, 1776, not having been published in the news-papers, is now published at the request of the Wardens of the City of Philadelphia, that all persons therein concerned may govern themselves accordingly.

An ACT *to continue part of an act, made in the eleventh year of the reign of his present Majesty King George the Third, intituled, "An Act for regulating and continuing "the nightly watch, enlightening the streets, lanes and "alleys of the city of Philadelphia, and for other purposes therein mentioned," and for making further provision for the better executing the said act.*

WHEREAS an act made in the eleventh year of the reign of his present Majesty King George the Third, intituled, "An Act for regulating and continuing the nightly watch, enlightening the streets, lanes and alleys of the city of Philadelphia, and for other purposes therein mentioned," will soon expire by its own limitation: And whereas the continuance of the said act, with some alterations and amendments, will tend to the advantage and security of the inhabitants of the said city; Be it therefore enacted by the Honourable JOHN PENN, Esq; Governor and Commander in Chief of the province of Pennsylvania, by and with the advice and consent of the Representatives of the Freemen of the said province, in General Assembly met, and by the authority of the same, That the said act, and every clause, matter and thing therein contained (except only where the same is hereby altered and varied) be, and is hereby declared to be in full force, and made perpetual.

And, for the remedying such defects and inconveniences as have appeared in the execution of the said act, Be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That so much of the said act as relates to an allowance of Seven Shillings and Six-pence per annum, to such persons as keep pumps in their respective yards, be discontinued, and from and after the publication hereof do cease and determine. And if it shall happen that any such pump shall be used on any public occasion of fire or otherwise, and any damage or injury shall be sustained by the owner thereof in his fences, buildings or yards, or such pump shall be damaged thereby, it shall and may be lawful for the said Wardens, and they are hereby required to repair the same, or compensate the owner or occupier thereof for such damage out of the money raised by virtue of this act. And also that so much of the said act as limits the rate of the assessment made by virtue of the said act, so as that it shall not exceed the value of Five-pence in the pound for any one year, do in like manner cease and determine, and that it shall and may be lawful for the said assessors, from and after the first day of October next, to increase and enlarge the said rate, if necessary, so as the same shall not in any one year exceed the value of Six-pence in the pound.

And whereas difficulties and inconveniences have arisen from the inaccuracy and irregularity of the returns made by the several constables, in order to lay the assessment directed by the said act, and it is also represented that the time allowed for such service is too short; for remedying whereof, Be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That from and after the first day of October next, such returns or certificates of the taxables in the respective wards of the said city shall be made by one intelligent freeholder, to be chosen for that purpose out of each ward of the said city, at the same time, in the same manner, and by the same persons, as the inspectors for holding annual elections now are; whose names, when so chosen, shall be returned in writing to the Wardens, under the hands of the constables and two or more of the electors, on or before the first day of October next following, by the constable of the said ward, which said freeholders are hereby required and enjoined under the like qualifications, to be administered by any of the said wardens, as by the said act were directed to be administered to the constables in such case, to do and perform the several duties, acts, matters and things, as by the said act the several constables of the said city were heretofore required and directed to do, so far as the same relates to making true and fair certificates of the taxables in their respective wards; which said freeholders shall be intitled to receive from the Treasurer of the said Wardens Four Shillings and Six-pence per day, for their care and trouble in executing and performing the said service.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any of the said freeholders so chosen and appointed for the above purposes shall refuse or neglect to take upon him or themselves the said office, or to do and perform the services and duties hereby required of him or them, he or they so refusing or neglecting shall pay to the said Treasurer the sum of Five Pounds, to be recovered in the same manner, and applied to the same uses as the other penalties and fines, in and by the said act imposed, limited and directed.

Be it also enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if at any time hereafter there shall be any neglect or omission in chusing the said freeholders or any of them, or if, being so chosen, they or any of them shall neglect or refuse to take upon him or themselves the said office, or to do and perform the service to be by them done and performed by virtue of this act, that then, and in every such case, the said Wardens may and shall, until a succeeding election, appoint suitable and proper persons, as the occasion may require, to perform the said service; which persons, when appointed, shall have the same powers, be under the same restrictions, and subject to the same penalties, as if such person or persons had been regularly chosen and elected as aforesaid.

Be it also enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the time for making and returning the certificates of the taxables by the said act directed, be extended to the term of ten days next after the date of the precept issued by the Wardens for that purpose.

And whereas there is no provision made by said act, in case any of the said Wardens, Assessors or Freeholders should remove from this city, and thereby become incapable to perform the several duties of their respective offices; for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any of the said Wardens, Assessors or Freeholders, shall happen to remove, during the time for which they are so chosen or appointed, out of this province, or to a greater distance from the city of Philadelphia than three miles, the Wardens and Assessors for the time being, or a majority of them, shall in every such case appoint one or more fit person or persons, in the place and stead of such Warden or Wardens, Assessor or Assessors, Freeholder or Freeholders, so removing as aforesaid, in the same manner as if such Warden, Assessor or Freeholder was deceased, or had refused to execute the said office.

IN CONGRESS, *February* 24.

Resolved, That the several States be requested to take the most effectual steps for immediately collecting, from the inhabitants not in actual service, all Continental arms, and give notice of the number they shall collect to Gen. Washington.

That all arms or accoutrements belonging to the United States shall be stamped or marked with the words UNITED STATES; all arms already made to be stamped on such parts as will receive the impression, and those hereafter to be manufactured to be stamped with the said words on every part composing the stand; and all arms and accoutrements, so stamped or marked, shall be taken wherever found for the use of the States, except they shall be in the hands of those actually in Continental service.

That it be recommended to the legislatures of the several States to enact proper laws for the punishment of those who shall unlawfully take, secrete, refuse, or neglect to deliver any Continental arms or accoutrements, which they may have in their possession.

February 25.

Resolved, That the several States be requested and impowered to borrow, or purchase, on behalf of the Continent, from the militia within the said States respectively, as many good and sufficient arms as can possibly be procured.

February 26.

Resolved, That an interest of six per cent. per annum be allowed on all sums of money already borrowed, and directed to be borrowed on loan office certificates, although such certificates mention only an interest of four per cent. per annum.

Resolved, That the interest on the prizes drawn in the Continental lottery shall remain at four per cent.

Resolved, That it be recommended to the legislatures of the several States not to offer or give more than at the rate of six per cent. per annum, upon any monies to be borrowed in their respective loan offices.

February 27.

Resolved, That it be recommended to the several legislatures of the United States, immediately to pass laws the most effectual for putting an immediate stop to the pernicious practice of distilling grain, by which the most extensive evils are likely to be derived, if not quickly prevented. *By order of Congress,*

JOHN HANCOCK, President.

IN CONGRESS, *March* 29, 1777.

Ordered, That whenever any prisoners shall be taken by the army, or by any detachment of the army of these United States, or by any body of the militia, the commanding officer do furnish the Board of War with lists of such prisoners, together with the cause and manner of their capture and detention.

Resolved, That the MARINE COMMITTEE be authorised to advance to every ABLE SEAMAN, that enters into the Continental Service, any sum not exceeding FORTY DOLLARS; and to every ORDINARY SEAMAN, or LANDSMAN, any sum not exceeding TWENTY DOLLARS, to be deducted from their future prize-money. *Extract from the Minutes,*

CHARLES THOMSON, Secretary.

Chester, April 1, 1777.

To be LETT, and may be entered on immediately,

THAT large, commodious and well accustomed INN, or TAVERN, situate in the Borough of Chester, now in the Possession of the Subscriber, with convenient Stables, Out-houses, a large Garden, and a very good Grass Lot; the Whole in compleat Order. Any Person inclining to rent, may know the Terms, by applying to MARY WITHY.

THE Members of *The Society for the Relief of poor and distressed Masters of Ships, their Widows and Children* are desired to attend their General Meeting, at the Coffee-house on Monday next, the 7th of April, at the 6th Hour.

Philadelphia, April 2, 1777.

ALL *persons having demands against the estate of* THOMAS MORRIS, *jun. late of this city, brewer, deceased, are desired to bring them in properly attested for settlement; and those indebted to said estate, to pay what is due to* Thomas Morris *in Union street, between Front and Second-streets, who is authorised to settle the same, by*

SAMUEL MORRIS, *jun. Administrator.*

THIS EVENING, at 6 *o'clock, will be exposed to sale, at the London Coffee-house, a LOT of Ground on the west side of Front-street, the third above Gray's (or Morris's) alley containing in breadth (including the alley on the north side thereof)* 1 *feet* 9 *inches, to the distance of* 100 *feet westward, then running north* 2 *feet* 3 *inches, and then westward to the end of the lot, and in depth* 188 *feet, more or less, with a two story building erected thereon now in tenure of Ann Strong, having also the privilege of an* 8 *feet alley into Morris's alley.*

The late dwelling-house, convenient brewery and malt-house of Anthony Morris jun. deceased, are to be lett.

ALL persons that have any demands against the estate of LEONARD MELCHER, late of this city, deceased, are desired to bring them in, properly attested, for settlement; and those that are indebted to said estate, to pay what is due to FRANCIS C. HASENCLEVER, one of the Executors.

A commodious HOUSE, in Second-street, the corner of Gilbert's alley, and several GRASS LOTS near this city, to be LETT. Apply to Mr. HASENCLEVER.

Philadelphia, Fourth-Month 1, 1777.

ALL persons that have any demands against the estate of JOHN LUKENS, Innholder, late of this city, deceased, are desired to bring their accounts, properly attested, for settlement; and those indebted to said estate, are requested speedily to pay their respective balances unto THOMAS NEDRO, REUBEN HAINES, DANIEL LUKENS, Executors.

A GOOD convenient Dwelling-House, with Stores, well situate for carrying on Business, to be Lett. Enquire of the Printers.

Burlington Boarding-School, March 25, 1777.

IT is with much concern that the subscriber finds himself under a necessity to inform his friends and the public, that the very high price of provisions, and all other articles necessarily consumed in a family, renders the sum he has taken boarders at hitherto very inadequate to the expence; and not only hopes that the above reason will be admitted as an apology for his charging Ten Pounds per quarter, but that his employers will generously contribute towards the exorbitant expence of the last three months. The continuance of their favours, the return of such whose removal have been caused by the present unhappy disturbances, and the future countenance of the public, will be gratefully acknowledged by, their obliged friend,

THOMAS POWELL.

Assiduous attention will be given to the morals and education of the youth, and the utmost housewifry exerted to make their cloathing last as long as possible.

To be SOLD at public SALE, the 19th day of this instant APRIL,

THAT valuable Plantation or Tract of Land, whereon Joshua Baker formerly lived, and now in possession of Peter Baker, situate in Christiana Hundred, New Castle county, containing about 210 acres of land, on which there are a large stone dwelling-house, 2 stories high, with 3 rooms on a floor and fire-places in each, a large frame barn, boarded with cedar, and stables under the whole, also a good new log tenement on one corner of said land, and other out-houses, a bearing orchard of good fruit, some meadow, a very healthy pleasant situation, and good water; fit for either public or private life, a public road leading through said land from Wilmington to Kennet, and within 7 miles of Wilmington and 30 of Philadelphia. The said land being sold by order of the last will and testament of the aforesaid Joshua Baker, deceased. Any person inclining to purchase the same by private sale before the vendue, may have an opportunity, by applying to Samuel Baker, living at Kensington, near Philadelphia, or to John Merris, of New Castle county, who will make the terms known, and a good title made by

1756. SAMUEL BAKER, JOHN MERRIS, Executors.

FOR SALE,

A VERY valuable PLANTATION, situate in the township of Goshen, and county of Chester, containing 140 acres of excellent good LAND, both for pasture and grain, 90 thereof cleared, the rest well timbered, 10 acres of it good meadow, part watered and the rest may be watered, a good orchard, a good dwelling-house, barns, and other out-houses; likewise a large stream of water running through the same, with a very fine seat for any water-works, 27 miles from Philadelphia. Any person inclining to purchase, may apply to JOHN JOHNSON and JOSEPH JOHNSON, on said premises.

DESERTED, *on the 20th of March, from the Jersey Forces, under the Command of General Maxwell, a certain Morris Miles, having received twelve Dollars of his Bounty; he is a well set Man, of a brown Complexion, about* 4 *Years of Age, and about* 5 *feet* 6 *inches high; he has since entered on board the Washington Galley, commanded by Captain John M'Fetrige, from whom he received seven Dollars Bounty, and afterwards absconded. Whoever secures said Miles in any Goal, or delivers him to Captain M'Fetrige, or the Subscriber, at Hugh Creighton's, in Haddonfield, shall have Forty Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by*

MICHAEL HAGERTY.

TWENTY DOLLARS Reward.

RUN AWAY *from Michael Musser, living in the Borough of Lancaster, on the 23d of March last, an Irish servant* LAD, *named Thomas Read he is about* 19 *years of age, and a Tanner by trade; had on, when he went away, a half-worn cocked beaver hat, an ash coloured lincy coat, a brown broadcloth jacket, a pair of cotton-velvet breeches, a pair of blue stockings, and old shoes. At the same time ran away from George Musser, of the Borough aforesaid, an Irish servant* LAD, *named Robert M'Ginney, he is about* 18 *years of age, a Tanner by trade; he had on a half-worn round beaver hat, a yellowish saggathy coat, and light coloured lincy jacket and breeches; one of his fingers is crooked and much shorter than the rest. It is supposed they went together, as they have done before, and they will be apt to change their names. Whoever takes up said servants, and brings them to their masters, or secures them, so that they may have them again, shall receive the above reward for both, or Ten Dollars for each of them, and reasonable charges, paid by*

MICHAEL MASSER,
GEORGE MOSSER.

SEWING and DARNING NEEDLES, assorted,
TO BE SOLD BY
ROBERT M'KNIGHT,
At the Store of Messieurs MEASE AND CALDWELL.

FIFTY DOLLARS Reward.

WAS broke open, on the night of the 12th instant, the Subscriber's room, in the brick house, at the barracks, and robbed of about Twelve Hundred Dollars, consisting of Continental and Maryland Convention Bills, belonging to the States. Likewise a quantity of Cloathing, &c. Whoever apprehends, or gives information of the perpetrators of this Robbery, so that they may be brought to justice, or delivered to the Commanding Officer at the barracks, and the money recovered, shall be entitled to the above reward, and all reasonable charges. Any person concerned in this Robbery, who will give information of those concerned with him, shall be entitled to the above reward, and have a free pardon granted him. JOSEPH PENROSE, ADAM HUBLEY, jun. Lieut. Col. at the barracks.

Court Martial Man from a Battalion, Troop or Company, such vacancy is to be filled by the perſon ſuch Battalion, Troop or Company ſhall elect.

XXVII. No Officer or Private Man ſhall be tried a ſecond time for the ſame offence, except in caſe of appeal.

XXVIII. All fines that ſhall be collected according to this act, by direction of any Court-Martial, and not otherwiſe appropriated, ſhall be paid into the hands of the Clerk of the Company to which the offenders belong, who ſhall account for the ſame to the Captain, to be applied to the purchaſing powder and ball, to exerciſe the men at proper times at ſhooting at marks, and for prizes to the beſt marksmen.

The fines that ſhall be incurred in conſequence of the breach of any of the above regulations ſhall be paid (if incurred by a Field Officer) to the Clerk of that company whoſe Captain has the firſt rank in the Battalion, or (if incurred by any other Officer or Private) to the Clerk of the company to which they reſpectively belong, within three weeks after they become due; but in caſe of neglect or refuſal to pay any of the ſaid fines, then in ſuch caſe upon application made by the Clerk to whom ſuch fine or fines ought to have been paid, it ſhall and may be lawful for any one Juſtice of the Peace of the County (if the fine does not exceed Five Pounds) or two Juſtices (if above Five Pounds) by warrant under his or their hands and ſeals to levy ſuch fine or fines reſpectively, on the offenders goods and chattels, and otherwiſe proceed in recovering the ſame as is by law directed in caſe of debts not exceeding Five Pounds; and when recovered, the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices are required to pay ſuch fines into the hands of the Clerk who applied for the recovery. The fines ſo recovered from the Field Officers to be diſpoſed of as the Officers of the Battalion ſhall think proper; and thoſe recovered from the other Officers and Privates to be diſpoſed of as is herein before directed.

JOHN BAYARD, Speaker.

Paſſed in General Aſſembly, March 17, 1777.

JOHN MORRIS, jun. Clerk.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWELVE DOLLARS REWARD.

DESERTED from Captain Woelpper's company of the German battalion, commanded by Lieut. Colonel George Streker.

Michael Clauſs, country born, 17 years old, 5 feet 8 inches high, fair complexion, flaxen hair; ſerved 5 years with his father as a labourer, at May town, Lancaſter county, in the townſhip of Donegal.

George Sailor, country born, 21 years old, 5 feet 10 inches high, fair complexion, black hair, a ſhoemaker by trade; lived with his father in May town, Donegal townſhip, Lancaſter county.

John Man Flicket, a Heſſian, 32 years old, 5 feet 3 inches high, long black hair; much given to ſmoke tobacco, and drinking; wears an old green coat over his regimentals; has two of his mother's brothers living three miles from May town, Herman Long and Johannes Long, where he will be found; ſaid *Flicket* went ſeveral times to go there, and ſaid he had ſome clothes left there.

William Rudart, Corporal, 22 years old, 5 feet 1½ inches high, dark complexion, black hair; a School-maſter; he kept ſchool in Flackman's or Longen ſwamp, and lived in Pottſgrove, Berks county, has been ſeen about Philadelphia and it is ſuppoſed he keeps ſchool ſomewhere about the city.

George Strouſs, a German born, 26 years old, 5 feet 6 inches high, a Cooper by trade; lived laſt with John Shaffer, who can give ſome account of him; his father lives on Cheſtnut Hill, Philadelphia county.

George Frederick Brown, a German born, 19 years old, 5 feet 6½ inches high, fair complexion, marked with the ſmall-pox, a Baker by trade, lives in Philadelphia; I am informed he is gone to Baltimore.

John Kennington, an Iriſhman, 5 feet 1½ inches high, a Labourer; was inliſted in Captain William Weſt's company, in the third battalion, and the 19th of October he inliſted with me, in my company, with the conſent of Captain Weſt.

Chriſtopher Moore, a German born, 5 feet 5½ inches high, fair complexion, black hair, a Labourer; lately come to the country.

Thomas Wenick, a German Waldecker, 23 years old, 5 feet 6¼ inches high, a Hunter or Yager, a talkative fellow and a cheat.

Henry Hardgood, a German born, 25 years old, 5 feet 7½ inches high by trade a Brick-maker, brown complexion and hair; his father lives near the Bettering-houſe, but it is ſuppoſed he is with his wife three miles this ſide of Reading.

John Peter Ulerick, a Waldecker, 23 years old, 5 feet 3¾ inches high, fair complexion, brown hair.

Peter Bentis, country born, 5 feet 5 inches high, a Labourer, fair complexion; lived at Norrington, Philadelphia county; it is believed that he is with his mother, or with Captain Tomſon, with whom he was as Drummer in his company, and in his houſe concealed when Lieutenant Shrowder went to look for him to bring him to his reſpective company; therefore I requeſt Mr. Tomſon to deliver me my Drummer, or I will put the laſt Act of General Aſſembly in force againſt him for harbouring deſerters.

Whereas I had an order from the honourable War Office to Captain Culberton, that the ſaid Captain ſhall deliver me *Achar Groeder*, a Soldier, inliſted with me in my company, when the time the flying camp is over; and if he is dead, I deſire Captain Culberton to ſend me a certificate, ſigned by his Colonel or Commanding Officer of the ſaid battalion, of the death of the ſaid *Groeder*.

Whoever takes up any of the ſaid deſerters, ſhall receive for each man *Eight Dollars*, beſides I will give them extraordinary for encouragement *Ten Shillings*; and if any man ſhall neglect to take up any of the ſaid deſerters, I will put the laſt Act of General Aſſembly, dated February 26, 1777, in force againſt them; they may deliver them to any conſtable or priſon. Given under my hand, at *Philadelphia, March* 13, 1777.

‖ 22ſ 6. JOHN DAVID WOELPPER.

Norrington, March 22, 1777.

WHEREAS Captain *John David Woelpper*, of the German battalion, commanded by Lieut. Colonel *George Streker*, did advertiſe in the *Pennſylvania Gazette*, No. 2508, a certain *Peter Bentis*; as a deſerter, ſetting forth that he, the ſaid deſerter, was concealed in my houſe, at a time when Lieutenant *Shrowder* went to look for him, likewiſe requeſting me to deliver him his Drummer, or he would put the laſt Act of Aſſembly in force againſt me, for harbouring deſerters.---I therefore take this method to inform the Captain, and all others whom it may concern, that the ſaid deſerter has not been in my houſe ſince Captain *Woelpper* marched his company from the Continental Powder-mill to Philadelphia, in December laſt, neither have I ſeen the ſaid deſerter from that time to the time of his being advertiſed. I am ſorry to find that a man, who ſhould ſupport his commiſſion with honour, ſhould ſo far degrade himſelf, as to be guilty of publicly aſſerting a notorious falſehood, as I can make it appear the charge againſt me is entirely without foundation; and I now call upon the ſaid Captain *Woelpper* to make good his accuſation, or bear the cenſure of the impartial public.

¶ ARCHIBALD THOMSON.

TO BE SOLD,

A good BILLIARD TABLE.

Enquire of the PRINTERS hereof. ¶

Philadelphia Barracks, March 12, 1777.

DESERTED, laſt night, from my company of the 9th Pennſylvania regiment, commanded by Lieut. Colonel George Nagle, two Soldiers, viz.

Chriſtopher Stillwaggon, 5 feet 10 inches high, 22 years of age, dark complexion, wears his hair tied, much pitted with the ſmall-pox; had on, and took with him, a new uniform brown coat, turned up with red, brown jacket, new buckſkin breeches, new ſtockings and ſhoes; he likewiſe took with him a brown uniform coat, faced with buff.

Felix Taylor, a German, aged about 20 years, 5 feet 8 inches high, dark complexion, black eyes; had on, and took him, a new brown uniform coat, faced with red, blue jacket, half-worn buckſkin breeches, new ſtockings and ſhoes, old beaver hat, lately trimmed. Thoſe fellows were juſt fitted out for camp.

William Wilſon, country born, 5 feet 9 inches high, about 50 years of age, by trade a Cooper, black complexion, wears a ſnuff coloured velvet coat, his other clothes uncertain, fond of drink, and very talkative.

Thomas Sharp, about 5 feet 9 inches high, 35 years of age; had on a blue uniform coat, faced with red, a light coloured cloth veſt, new buckſkin breeches, new yarn ſtockings, and a pair of ſhoes.

Daniel Williamſon, 5 feet 8 inches high, 21 years of age, fair complexion, ſandy hair; had on a light-infantry cap, yellow hunting ſhirt, cloth veſt, buckſkin breeches, milled ſtockings, good ſhoes. Theſe three laſt inliſted in Cheſter county, where it is ſuppoſed they are concealed.

Whoever takes up ſaid Deſerters, and delivers them to their reſpective company, ſhall have EIGHT DOLLARS reward for each, and reaſonable charges, paid by

JOHN DAVIS, Captain.

*** *Nicholas Groeman*, of Lancaſter county, is deſired to join his company. ¶

To be SOLD by public VENDUE, on the Fourth Day of April next, on the premiſes,

A VALUABLE plantation, ſituate in the Manor of Moreland, on the old York road, within 14 miles of Philadelphia, containing 146 acres of land, 80 acres cleared, about 12 thereof good meadow, and more may be made, the remainder well timbered; there is on ſaid place a two ſtory ſtone dwelling-houſe, with two large rooms on a floor, and a cellar under it; a well of good water at the door, a ſpring, with a ſtone houſe over it; barn, ſtables, and two bearing orchards; the whole in good repair, and pleaſantly ſituate for a Gentleman's country ſeat.

Alſo to be ſold on the ſame day, horſes, cows and ſheep, with a variety of houſhold and kitchen furniture, and ſeveral ſorts of grain by the buſhel, with implements of huſbandry, too tedious to mention. The whole being late the property of Colin M'Sweney, deceaſed, and to be ſold by JOHN MAN, jun. Executor.

*** The ſale to begin at ten o' clock, where due attendance will be given, and the conditions of ſale made known. ¶

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, at the London Coffee-Houſe, on Saturday, the 5th day of April, at ſix o' clock in the evening,

THE *UPPER FERRY on Schuylkill, commonly called Aſheton's Ferry, together with 58 Acres of Land, more or leſs; on the premiſes are a commodious large dwelling-houſe, ſtables ſufficient for 100 horſes, and a new ſhed for the convenience of loaded waggons; near the landing is a good ſtone quarry. The Ferry is furniſhed with two Boats, Ropes, and other neceſſaries. The ſituation is delightful, and commands an extenſive view, up and down the river, with a fine proſpect of the city.* ¶

To be SOLD by public VENDUE, on Saturday, the 12th of April,

A VALUABLE Plantation and Tract of LAND, ſituate in Saliſbury townſhip, Lancaſter county, containing 240 acres; 120 of which are cleared, and all the reſt well timbered; 18 acres of meadow made, and as much more may be made; there are alſo a good bearing orchard of 200 apple-trees, a good ſtone dwelling-houſe, a good barn and ſtables, good ſtone ſpring-houſe, and the whole is in good repair; there are two conſtant ſtreams of water running through ſaid land, which makes it particularly convenient, for there is plentiful drink for cattle in moſt of the fields. The ſale to begin at ten o' clock.

¶ SAMUEL HUGHES.

THE Aſſignees of the eſtate of Meſſieurs *Forbes* and *Patton*, late of Middletown, in Lancaſter county, in June and Auguſt laſt, publicly advertiſed the Creditors of ſaid eſtate to bring in their accompts, properly proved, in order to receive a dividend; nevertheleſs ſundry of the ſaid Creditors have neglected to comply with the ſame; they therefore give this further notice, that if they do not bring in their accounts to MARK FREEMAN, acting Aſſignee, in one month from the date hereof, they will be excluded a dividend of ſaid eſtate.

MARK FREEMAN,
Philad. March 18, 1777. ROBERT WILSON,
§ WILLIAM SEMPLE.

Salem, March 17, 1777.

To be ſold by public Vendue, on Tueſday, the 5th day of April next, on the premiſes,

A LOT of excellent MEADOW, adjoining lands of Thomas Norris, Eſq; and others, containing about ſix acres, be the ſame more or leſs: Alſo another LOT of Maple Swamp, part of which is cleared and a good bottom; bounding on lands of Richard Smith, jun. and others, containing by eſtimation 18½ acres. The vendue will begin at ten o' clock on the ſaid day; where attendance will be given, and the conditions made known by FRANCIS GIBBON. ‖ 7ſ 6.

To be SOLD at public SALE,

On the 9th day of April next enſuing, at ſix o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, by the ſubſcriber,

THREE LOTS of GROUND, ſituate in the townſhip of Lower-Merion, about 6 miles from the Middle Ferry, adjoining the great Lancaſter road, and land of Owen Jones and Edward Price; two of ſaid lots containing about 15 acres each, and the third 10 acres, a ſpring of water riſes in the ten acre lot, and runs nearly through the middle of the other two; on one of the 15 acre lots there are upwards of four acres of good woodland, and on the other about three acres. A draught of the above lots may be ſeen at the London Coffee-houſe; any perſon having a mind to view the premiſes before the day of ſale, may apply to JOHN PRICE, near the Merion Meeting-houſe. The conditions of ſale will be made known at the time and place abovementioned, by WILLIAM LEWIS. ¶

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Saturday, the 12th day of April next, on the premiſes, a valuable PLANTATION, ſituate in the townſhip of Mannington, in the county of Salem, and joining to lands of Edward Keaſbey, Benjamin Wynkoop, Lewis Simms, and others, containing about 220 acres, be the ſame more or leſs, with a good dwelling-houſe, kitchen, barn and ſtable, and other out-houſes, a good apple and peach orchard, and a noted ſpring of good water, generally known by the name of Nicholſon's ſpring; 100 acres of the premiſes are cleared land, of a good quality, a quantity of drained meadow, and the remainder well timbered woodland; late the property of Joſeph Burroughs, Eſq; deceaſed, ſeized and taken in execution by

Feb. 12, 1777. ‖ 7ſ 6. THOMAS SINNICKSON, Sheriff.

WANTS a Place, as a WET NURSE, A WOMAN, with a good Breaſt of Milk, who can be well recommended. Enquire of the Printers. ¶

To be SOLD, in purſuance of the laſt Will and Teſtament of the late Samuel Robinſon, deceaſed, at the town of Dover, in Kent county, on Delaware, at public ſale, on Wedneſday, the 14th day of May next,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION or Tract of Land, ſituate in Murderkill Hundred, Kent county, and whereon Rodger Barratt now dwells, containing 314¾ acres, about 170 acres of which is cleared, the ſoil is good and ſupported by an excellent clay bottom, produces plentiful crops, particularly wheat. There is on ſaid place a tolerable good dwelling houſe, with ſundry out-houſes, and other conveniencies, particularly a large orchard of excellent fruit-trees; and is within ſix miles of Dover, four and an half of ſundry griſt mills, and ſix of a landing, where produce is ſhipped for the Philadelphia market. The terms will be made known on the day of ſale, and attendance given by

‖ 12ſ 6. DANIEL ROBINSON, Executor.

FOUND on the public Road, near Mary Weaver's Tavern, in Montgomery Townſhip, on the 17th of March, 1777, A SMALL SUM OF MONEY. The Owner on enquiring of the PRINTERS, and paying for this Advertiſement, may be informed where to apply for it. ¶

To be SOLD at private SALE,

THE noted TAVERN, known by the Sign of the Fox Chace, in Haverford townſhip, Cheſter county, about ten miles from Philadelphia, containing about 70 acres, 20 acres of which are woodland, now in the tenure of the Widow Coates. For terms of ſale, apply to NICHOLAS PECHIN, or MARTIN MELLER, living near the premiſes; or to CHRISTOPHER PECHIN, in Philadelphia.

N. B. If the above place is not ſold by the tenth day of April next, it will be lett. *March* 4, 1777.

Cheſter, March 4, 1777.

THE Commanding Officers of Companies, and thoſe Officers of the Fifth Pennſylvania Regiment who have not received Recruiting Orders, are to give their Attendance as ſoon as poſſible, at their Quarters in Cheſter.

† FRANCIS JOHNSTON, Colonel.

THE OWNERS of the *WICACOA* MEADOWS are deſired to meet at the Court-Houſe, in *Philadelphia*, the firſt Monday in April being the ſeventh Day of the Month, at Four o' Clock in the Afternoon, to chooſe MANAGERS and a TREASURER for the enſuing Year. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

YOUNG COWS with Calf.---A Quantity of choice HAY, which may be tranſported by Water to Philadelphia, at Ten Shillings per Ton. The whole to be ſold together. Likewiſe a neat PHÆTON, almoſt new. Enquire of the PRINTERS. ¶

WAS LEFT, by a perſon unknown, ſome time ago, at the houſe of the ſubſcriber, the Sign of the Boatſwain and Call, at the Drawbridge, Front-ſtreet, SOME WORSTED STUFF. The owner may have it again, on proving property, and paying the coſt of this advertiſement.

¶ BENJAMIN HUMPHREYS.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in the Northern Liberties of Philadelphia, the 8th of February inſtant, a bright bay MARE, about four years old, no mark, but has been worked with the gears, and has the diſtemper. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. JOHN SHOEMAKER. ¶

NOTICE is hereby given to all perſons indebted to the eſtate of Joſeph Burroughs, deceaſed, to come and pay the ſame; and thoſe who have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to come and ſettle their accounts with the ſubſcriber, living in Salem. ¶

March 8 1777. MARY BURROUGHS, Executrix.

New-Caſtle, March 2, 1777.

NOW in the Goal of New-Caſtle on Delaware, a certain NEGROE Man, named *CUFF DICKS*, the Property of Colonel MARK BIRD, of Birdſberry, Berks County, Pennſylvania, who is requeſted to come, pay charges, and take him away. ‖ THOMAS CLARK, Goaler.

TO BE SOLD,

And may be entered upon the firſt day of April next,

A VALUABLE Plantation, ſituate in the townſhip of Warwick, Bucks county, containing about 160 acres, ſituate on the North branch of Neſhaminy creek, 23 miles from Philadelphia; there are on ſaid premiſes a good log dwelling-houſe, and a cellar under part of it, a well of good water at the door, a good log barn, ſtables and other out-houſes; about half of the land cleared and in good fence, 8 acres of good meadow, and more may be made; the woodland well timbered, a young bearing orchard, part grafted fruit, and other fruit trees. Said plantation is conveniently watered, and good for both winter and ſpring grain. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may view the premiſes, by applying to John Warner, in Wright's-town, or John Warner, junior, on the premiſes.

March 5, 177[illegible]. ‖ 7ſ 6. JOHN WARNER.

To be SOLD by the Subſcribers,

And may be entered on by the Firſt of April next,

A VALUABLE plantation, ſituate in Norrington townſhip, Philadelphia county, containing 70 acres, or thereabouts, of which there are 12 acres of good meadow, being well watered, near 25 acres of thriving timber; there are on the premiſes a good ſtone dwelling-houſe and kitchen, with a good pump of water convenient, alſo a good ſtone barn with ſheds, a thriving young orchard of about 100 grafted trees; the premiſes being conveniently ſituated for any public buſineſs, a tavern having been kept on it for many years; the ſituation pleaſant and healthy, being on the Manatawny road leading from Philadelphia to Reading, between 17 and 18 miles from Philadelphia, at the Forks of the Swedes-ford road, and convenient to ſeveral merchant-mills, as alſo to a ſchool-houſe; the whole in good repair. The title and terms will be made known by applying to the ſubſcribers, living in the townſhip aforeſaid.

WILLIAM BULL,
‖ 7ſ 6. HENRY PAWLING, junior.

TO BE LETT,

And may be entered upon the firſt day of April next,

A PLANTATION, ſituate in the townſhip of Edgmont, Cheſter county, containing about 300 acres of LAND; there are about 250 acres cleared and a quantity of good meadow, and a good bearing orchard, with a good dwelling-houſe and kitchen, convenient for a tavern, as it has been occupied in that ſort theſe ſeveral years paſt, being on the road leading from Cheſter, towards Lancaſter, about 10 miles from Cheſter, and 20 from Philadelphia, known by the Sign of General Wolfe, in a public part of the country; a barn and ſtables, ſheds, and a pump of good water at the door, very convenient for waggons, a ſpring-houſe and other conveniencies, and two ſmall houſes on the premiſes. For terms, apply to JAMES HUNTER, in Newtown, or JAMES YARNALL, near the ſaid tavern. ¶

TO BE LETT,

THAT noted and well accuſtomed TAVERN in the town of Salem, New-Jerſey, formerly kept by JOSEPH BURROUGHS, Eſq; and now in the tenure of ARCHIBALD M'ELRAY, with 17 acres upland and 12 acres meadow, &c. For terms apply to Mary Burroughs, in Salem, or John Hart, in Philadelphia. † 7ſ 6.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.